WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF Public Instruction

OEA Office of Educational Accountability

2023-24 REPORT CARD GUIDE

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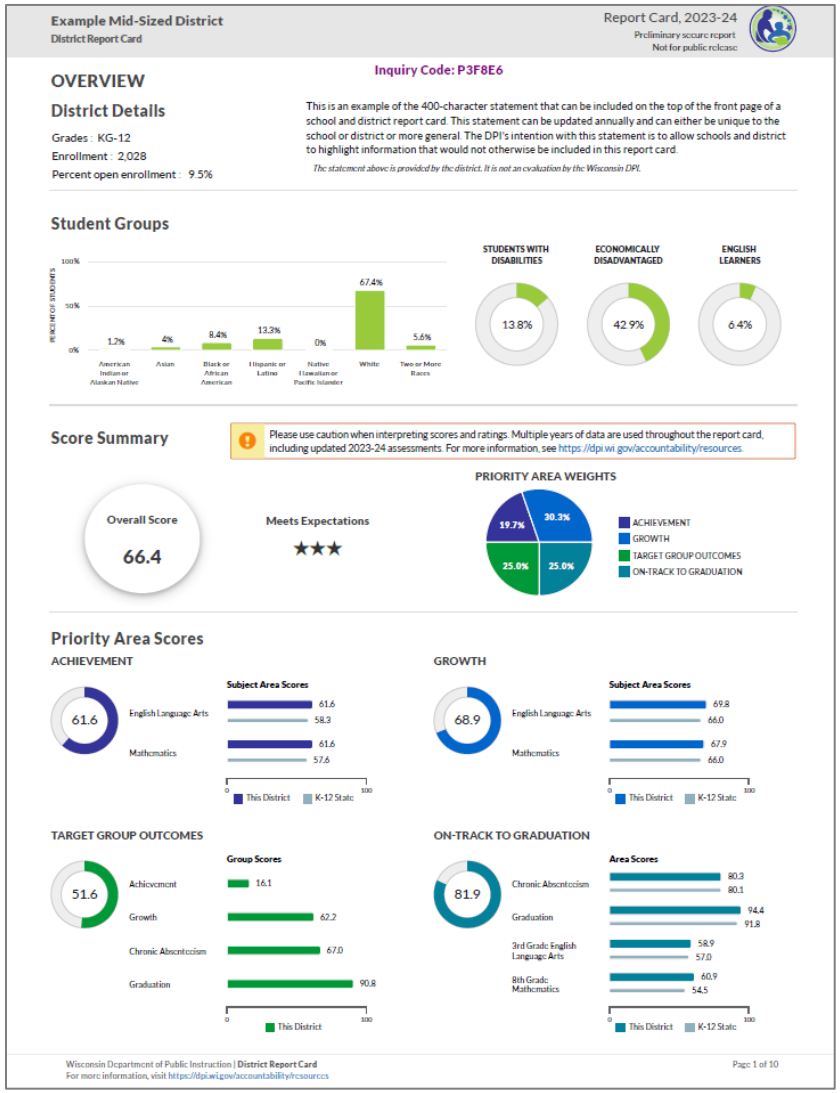


2023-24 REPORT CARD GUIDE

INTRODUCTION

BACKGROUND

State statute (Wis. Stat. 115.385) requires the Department of Public Instruction (DPI) to annually publish school and district accountability report cards.

Report cards are produced for all public schools and districts in Wisconsin and for any private school accessing public school funding through the Choice Programs.

PURPOSE & AUDIENCE

School and District Report Cards are one measure to evaluate how well Wisconsin schools and districts are doing. This information helps parents, educators, and the public hold schools accountable for successfully educating and preparing all students. The overall goal of Wisconsin's accountability system is to help identify areas of strength to build upon and deepen, as well as to pinpoint areas needing improvement so that all students graduate from high school ready for their next step.

To learn more about the state accountability system, including the differences between state and federal ESSA accountability in Wisconsin, please visit: https://dpi.wi.gov/accountability.

The report cards are the face of our state accountability system that honors the complex work of schools and focuses on ensuring all Wisconsin students graduate ready for college and career. The report cards were designed with a two-fold purpose: 1) to publicly report how our schools and districts are performing and 2) to provide data to schools on specific areas of strength and areas in need of improvement. As such, the system is designed to be both informative and useful to multiple audiences.

2023-24 REPORT CARD GUIDE

INTRODUCTION

NOTE OF CAUTION REGARDING 2023-24 REPORT CARDS

Please use caution when interpreting scores and ratings. Multiple years of data are used throughout the report card, including updated 2023-24 assessments. Careful review of the detailed data on all pages is encouraged.

OVERVIEW – REPORT CARD SYSTEM

The report cards summarize student performance and student engagement for each school and district and assign an accountability rating and score. The report cards aim to reflect a balanced view of performance by incorporating multiple student outcome measures. These measures are combined to produce the overall scores and ratings.

The report card includes four **priority areas**—*Achievement*, *Growth*, *Target Group Outcomes*, and *On-Track to Graduation*—each of which is scored on a 0 to 100 scale. These scores are combined using a weighting scheme that produces a weighted average Overall Score.

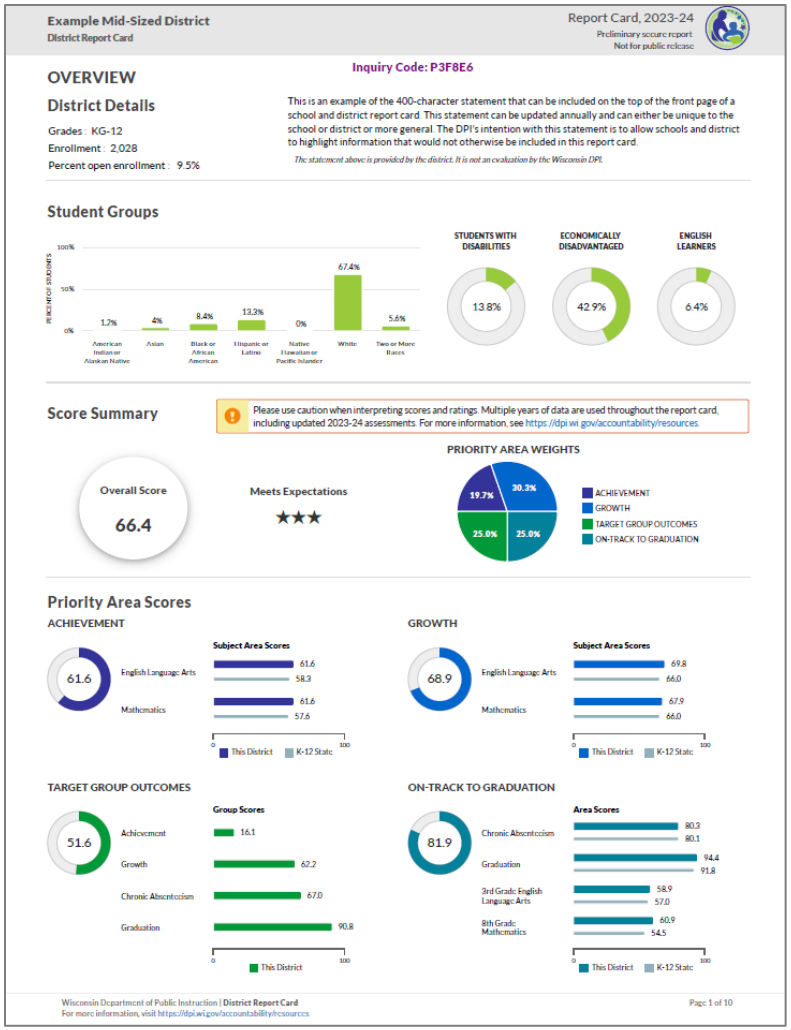
The resulting final overall score, rating, and stars are featured on the front page of the report card.

OVERVIEW – REPORT CARD DATA

The report cards contain data for each of the priority areas, shown here on the front page, as well as multiple pages of supplemental information.

Data used in the scoring include assessment results, attendance, and high school completion data. Data included as supplemental information include enrollment and test participation. In addition, for public school students in grades 9-12, course completion and career education program data are also included for information purposes.

Supplemental data reporting also includes breakdowns by student group and across years. These data are presented in the report cards to highlight trends and can be used to deepen analysis of group, school, and district performance. Supplemental data are not scored; they are presented to help provide meaningful context to readers.



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FRONT PAGE

FRONT PAGE

The front page of the report cards is a summary that presents key school or district information alongside the overall outcomes and scores for each priority area. The figure to the right shows the layout of the front page using a fictional example district.

OVERALL SCORE 1

On the middle left, there is an overall score, associated rating, and number of stars (out of five). This score is based on a weighted average of priority area scores.

PRIORITY AREA WEIGHTING 2

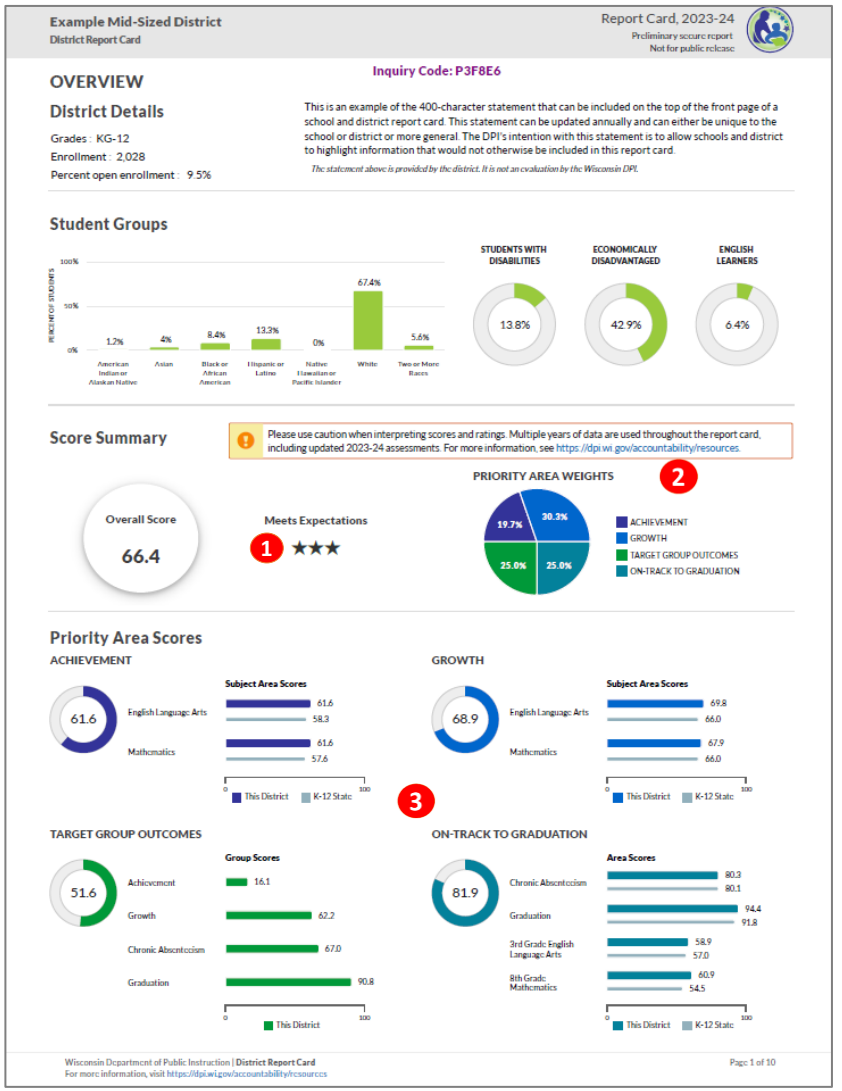
Next to the space for the overall score is a pie chart displaying the weighting used when calculating overall scores. The weighting for Achievement and Growth varies depending on the percent of economically disadvantaged (ECD) students in the school. In most cases, the weighting for Target Group Outcomes and On-Track to Graduation have equal weight (25%). Scores are not advantaged or disadvantaged by the presence or lack of a priority area or component.

- In the example here, Growth has the most weight (30.3%), Achievement has the least weight (19.7%), and the Target Group Outcomes (25%) and On-Track (25%) priority areas are equally weighted.

For more information about weighting, please see the online weighting calculator.

PRIORITY AREA SCORES 3

On the bottom of the page, scores are provided for the four priority areas, along with bar charts showing priority area component scores compared to statewide average component scores. *[Please see page 5 of this guide for more information on the state comparison.]* Each priority area has a score on a 0-100 scale; component scores are also on a 0-100 scale.



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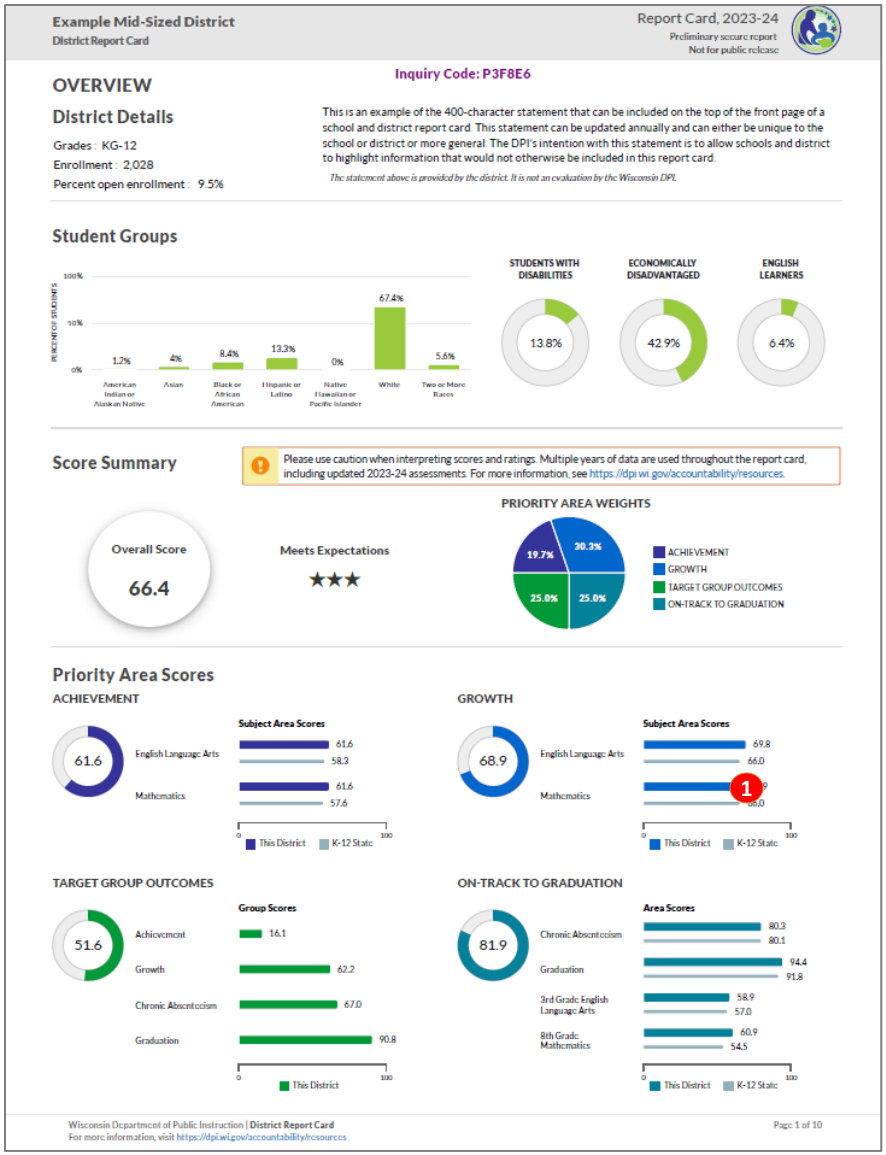
FRONT PAGE



UNDERSTANDING STATE COMPARISONS

1

The priority area scores section on front page includes gray state comparison bars alongside the component score bars. For schools, comparisons are based on one of six broad grade bands: K-5, K-8, K-12, 6-8, 6-12, and 9-12. Schools are assigned to the most appropriate grade band for comparison. For districts, the comparison is a statewide group based on one of three grade bands: K-12, K-8, or 9-12.

In the example here, the district has grades KG-12, so the K-12 grade span is displayed in the state comparison bar.

These state comparisons can be loosely thought of as averages for each type of school or district. These comparative data are shown only to provide context; they do not factor into scores or ratings.

The comparison scores given for a grade band treat all Wisconsin students within those grades as if they were one giant school; data for these statewide sets of students are used to calculate the comparison scores. This includes public school students and students participating in the Choice program. The statewide comparison score that applies to a particular grade band is shown for component scores of each priority area except the Target Group Outcomes priority area. For achievement-based component scores on the 2023-24 report cards, scale adjustment is applied to the state comparison score (see page 8 for more on scale adjustment).

The Target Group Outcomes priority area does not have statewide comparison data because outcomes for the target group should be compared to the analogous priority area component scores for all students at the school or district. Target Group Outcomes is designed to help schools and districts see the "gaps" between the lowest-performing students and their student population as a whole.

UNDERSTANDING REPORT CARD WEIGHTING

Like the overall score, each of the four priority areas uses a 0- to 100-point scale. This provides a consistent and simple way to examine and compare priority area scores. Scores from the four individual priority areas are combined using a weighted average that takes into account data availability and percentage of economically disadvantaged students in a school or district.

Priority Area Weighting:
State statute (Wis. Stat. 115.385) requires the Achievement and Growth priority area weights to be adjusted relative to each other based on the percentage of economically disadvantaged (low-income) students in the district or school. The higher the percentage of economically disadvantaged (ECD) students in a district or school, the greater the weight given to Growth and the lesser to Achievement (up to a predefined threshold). Similarly, the lower the percentage of economically disadvantaged students, the greater the weight given to Achievement and the lesser to Growth.

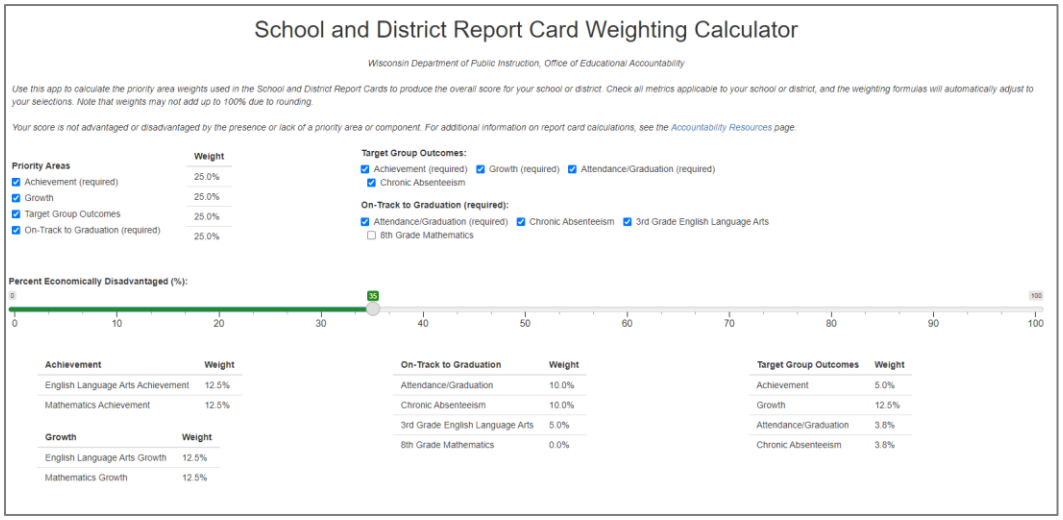
The only number on the report card itself that has variable weighting factored into it is the overall score. The individual priority area scores provided throughout the report card, including on the front page, are not separately impacted by variable weighting.

REPORT CARD TOOL

The weighting calculator shown here allows users to adjust the percent ECD and to select the priority areas and components available for a school or district to reveal the specific weights used in the report cards.

Please note that changes in reweighting due to priority area data availability may have significant impact on overall scores. Caution should be used when comparing report cards with different priority areas across years.

Available online:
https://oea-dpi.shinyapps.io/report_card_weighting_calculator/



2023-24 REPORT CARD GUIDE

ACHIEVEMENT

UNDERSTANDING THE ACHIEVEMENT PRIORITY AREA

The purpose of this priority area is to show how the knowledge and skills of students in the district or school compares to state academic standards.

Basics about the priority area

This priority area summarizes English language arts (ELA) and mathematics performance for all students in grades 3 through 11. This includes students taking the Forward, ACT Aspire/Pre-ACT Secure, ACT with writing, and DLM exams in the Wisconsin Student Assessment System (WSAS). The score is based on how student outcomes distribute across the four WSAS performance levels (advanced, meeting, approaching, developing), and it takes up to three years of test data into account.

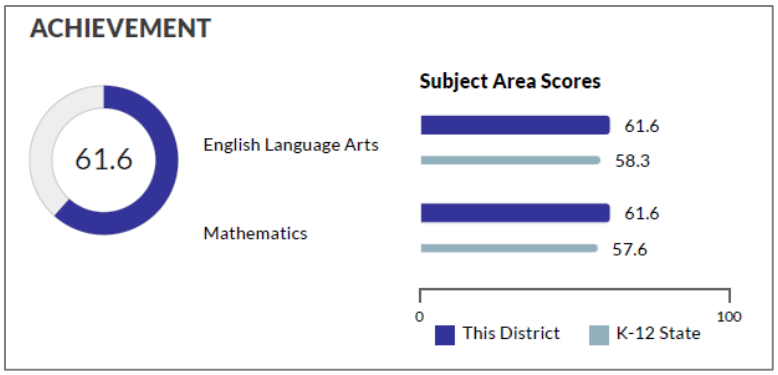
Where to find the data

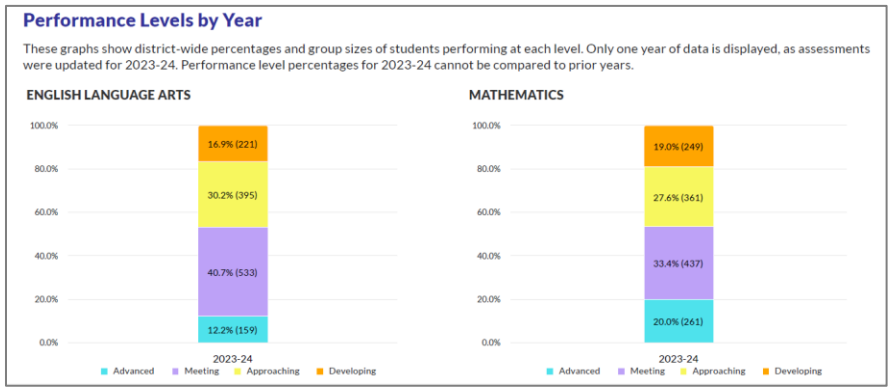
The front page displays the priority area score and component scores for ELA and mathematics. Supplementary data charts and tables, which show results by student group and performance levels, are displayed starting on page 2 in the school report card and page 3 in the district report card.

Achievement Priority Area Display Updates

Due to assessment updates in 2023-24, only one year of data is displayed on the "Performance Levels by Year" chart on the Achievement page of the 2023-24 report card.

Additionally, new terms of advanced, meeting, approaching, and developing appear in the achievement priority area section of the report cards for 2023-24. Achievement results from prior years (2021-22 and 2022-23) in the "Student Group Performance Levels by Year" table are labeled using the previous performance level names.





MATHEMATICS

	2021-22					2022-23					2023-24				
	Total # Tested	Advanced	Proficient	Basic	Below Basic	Total # Tested	Advanced	Proficient	Basic	Below Basic	Total # Tested	Advanced	Meeting	Approaching	Developing
All Students: K-12 State	542,298	9.3%	28.2%	29.1%	33.3%	543,989	9.4%	29.1%	30.5%	30.9%	541,489	16.5%	34.5%	27.4%	21.6%
All Students	1,268	11.2%	30.2%	27.8%	30.8%	1,289	10.1%	32.6%	29.6%	27.7%	1,308	20.0%	33.4%	27.6%	19.0%
American Indian or Alaskan Native	14	14.3%	0.0%	42.9%	42.9%	18	0.0%	11.1%	61.1%	27.8%	16	0.0%	37.5%	37.5%	25.0%
Asian	57	22.8%	17.5%	26.3%	33.3%	58	15.5%	29.3%	31.0%	24.1%	60	16.7%	31.7%	23.3%	28.3%
Black or African American	90	1.1%	15.6%	14.4%	68.9%	85	1.2%	9.4%	21.2%	68.2%	94	2.1%	8.5%	26.6%	62.8%
Hispanic or Latino	170	3.5%	16.5%	27.6%	52.4%	160	2.5%	20.0%	30.6%	46.9%	168	5.4%	22.6%	42.3%	29.8%
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	1	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	1	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0	NA	NA	NA	NA
White	887	13.3%	35.5%	28.9%	22.3%	912	12.2%	37.8%	29.5%	20.5%	894	25.3%	38.1%	25.2%	11.4%
Two or More Races	49	4.1%	32.7%	30.6%	32.7%	55	9.1%	27.3%	30.9%	32.7%	76	18.4%	32.9%	26.3%	22.4%
Economically Disadvantaged	507	3.0%	19.9%	28.2%	48.9%	510	3.1%	19.8%	29.4%	47.6%	547	8.2%	24.7%	34.7%	32.4%
English Learners	99	0.0%	15.2%	24.2%	60.6%	101	0.0%	22.8%	30.7%	46.5%	112	2.7%	20.5%	41.1%	35.7%
Students with Disabilities	172	0.6%	12.8%	19.8%	66.9%	181	4.4%	9.4%	26.0%	60.2%	183	7.1%	13.7%	31.7%	47.5%

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UNDERSTANDING THE ACHIEVEMENT PRIORITY AREA

How the calculation works

Achievement calculations are based on student performance on the Forward Exam, ACT Aspire/Pre-ACT Secure, ACT with writing, and Dynamic Learning Maps (DLM).

The Achievement priority area includes only tested students who were enrolled for the full academic year (FAY) in the district or school. Non-tested students are not included in calculations nor are students with invalidated tests. Note that in the Private School – Choice Students report card, the calculation only includes FAY students with a valid test score who were Choice program participants.

Scores for this priority area reflect how a district or school's students are distributed among the four performance levels of the WSAS. Having more students at the upper performance levels results in a higher score.

Separate content area scores on a 0 to 100-point scale are calculated for ELA and mathematics achievement and are averaged to arrive at the priority area score. To reduce the impact of year-to-year fluctuations in test scores, up to three years of most-recent testing data are used and at least 2 years are required to receive a scored report card. This improves the reliability of scores.

Each content area score is determined by assigning points to each of the district or school's students in each of the three measured years according to the student's performance level in that year. A student is assigned no points for being at the developing performance level, 0.5 points for being at the approaching level, 1 point for meeting, and 1.5 points for advanced.

For each year, students' scores are pooled to produce a district or school average. A three-year average is calculated from those yearly averages. When averaging across years, greater weight is given to more recent years' data and years with more tested students. The component score for each subject reflects this three-year average.

Please see the next section for more information on achievement scoring specific to the 2023-24 report cards.

Changes to the Scoring of Achievement-Based Measures for the 2023-24 Report Cards

State assessments were updated for 2023-24, including new performance level categories and updated standards. The results from these updated assessments are included in the 2023-24 report cards.

As the updated 2023-24 assessment cut scores resulted in higher proficiency rates compared to previous years, the scoring of achievement-based measures on the 2023-24 report cards has been modified to allow for comparability and stability in the system and to allow schools and districts to more easily compare this year's report cards to report cards from 2022-23. Specifically, the DPI is "scale adjusting" 2023-24 achievement scores to align with the 2022-23 report card achievement distribution, which, in effect, lowers achievement scores.

After applying the scale adjustment, if a school/district's scale adjusted achievement subject area score is lower than the subject area score on the 2022-23 report card, the 2022-23 achievement subject area score is used instead. This process serves to prevent adjustment overcorrection and eliminates the confusion that would result from an achievement score that is lower than last year's due to the scale adjustment (and not necessarily from decreasing achievement performance). Scale adjustment applies only to the subject level and priority area scores. It is not applied to the student group scores for 2023-24.

Note that this is a one-year scoring change applicable only for 2023-24 report cards. You can see the exact steps for calculating achievement and other scores in the 2023-24 Report Card Technical Guide on the Report Card Resources page.

Test Participation

Test participation rates are displayed for all students and the lowest-participating student group for each school/district. These rates are included for informational purposes only (not scored). These rates include all students enrolled during the assessments and not just FAY students as the scored sections require.

Test Participation Rates, 2023-24

ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS		MATHEMATICS	
All students	Lowest-participating group: Black or African American	All students	Lowest-participating group: Black or African American
96.3%	91.8%	96.3%	91.8%

2023-24 REPORT CARD GUIDE

GROWTH

UNDERSTANDING THE GROWTH PRIORITY AREA

Basics about the priority area

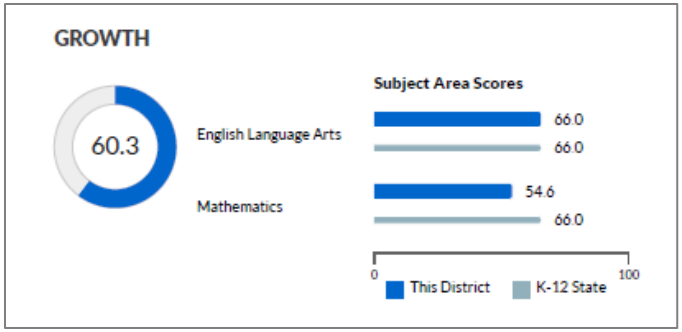
The purpose of this priority area is to give schools and districts a single measure that summarizes how rapidly their students are gaining knowledge and skills from year to year. In contrast to Achievement, which is based on the levels of performance students attain in a given year, the Growth priority area measures changes in students' performance over time. In particular, this priority area focuses on the pace of improvement in students' performance in a school or district compared to the growth of similar students across the state. This priority area rewards schools and districts for helping students improve performance, regardless of a student's prior achievement, by measuring student progress across assessments over time.

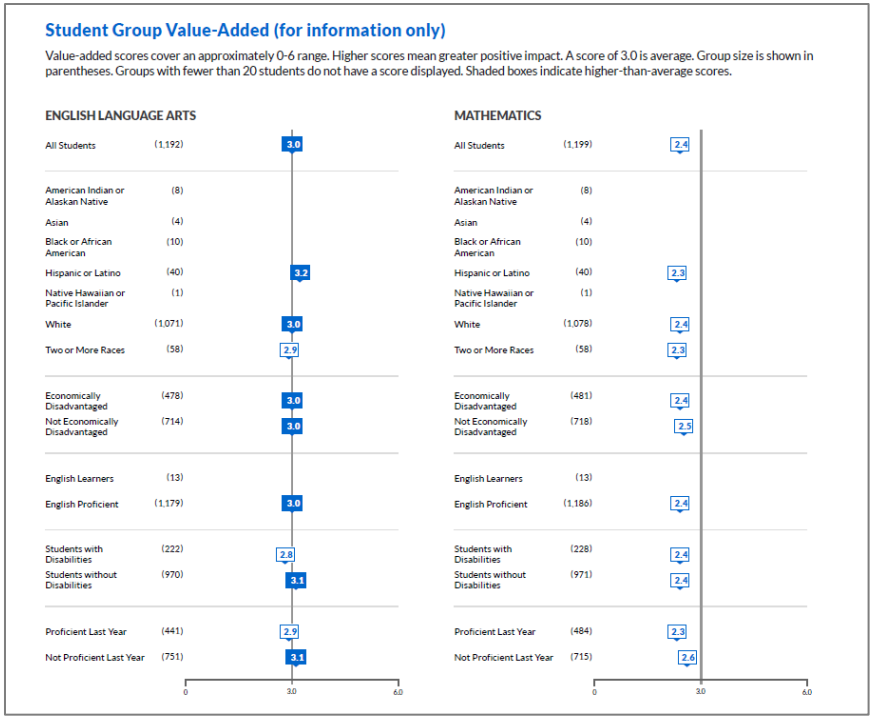
Where to find the data

While the front page displays the priority area score and ELA and mathematics component scores, the most valuable data for understanding student improvement are found in the supplementary data charts, which display growth results by student group. These student group data are displayed on page 4 of the school report card and page 5 of the district report card.

How to use the data

The Growth priority area is an important complement to Achievement in understanding district and school performance. How well students are learning is reflected by both their level of attainment and their rate of improvement. Performance on these two measures can be quite different. Such differences may point to areas of need. The report cards provide growth data for groups of students, allowing schools and districts to see how the growth of particular student groups impacts their overall growth performance. They can identify groups of students who are having trouble improving or who are improving rapidly. High growth scores may point to a successful program or improvement process.





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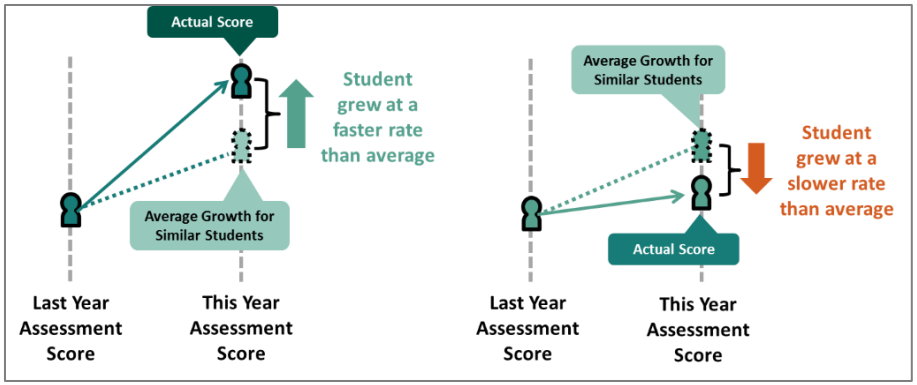
GROWTH

UNDERSTANDING THE VALUE-ADDED GROWTH MODEL

At the foundation of the Growth score is a statistical technique known as value-added, which is meant to facilitate "apples to apples" comparisons of student improvement between schools/districts, even if they serve very different student populations. Value-added quantifies how much growth students make over time after taking into account factors that are generally beyond a school's control, but which may be related to student growth.

While the calculations behind value-added are complex, the concept is straightforward. Value-added compares the growth of students at a given school to the growth of similar students across the state of Wisconsin. In addition to prior achievement, the value-added model used in the school and district report cards considers students' economic status, disability type, English Language proficiency level, gender, migrant status, and race/ethnicity.

For information about how the value-added model results in a Growth priority area score, please refer to the 2023-24 Report Card Technical Guide. For more information on the value-added model, please see the Value-Added Growth Guide and Value-Added Technical Report located on the Report Card Resources page.



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GROWTH

UNDERSTANDING THE GROWTH PRIORITY AREA

How the calculation works

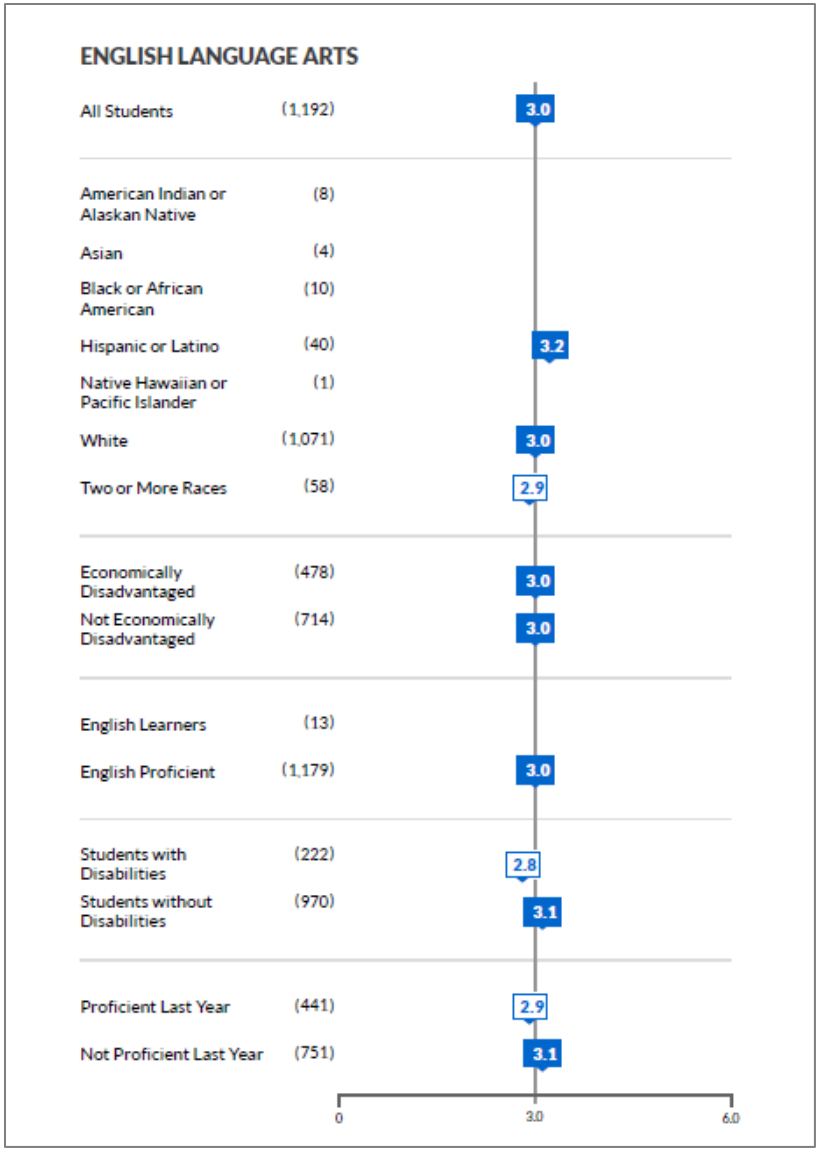
The Growth priority area provides a single score that characterizes the growth of a district or school's students, regardless of their starting performance levels and student attributes. It takes into account decline as well as improvement in student performance on the Forward Exam, ACT Aspire/Pre-ACT Secure, and ACT with writing assessments. If a student's score is higher than the scores of similar students, this is called "high value-added".

The value-added scores are reported on a 0 to 6 scale. The statewide average is always set to 3.0, representing typical growth for schools in the state. Up to three years of value-added results are used, when available, in calculating weighted average value-added scores. As in other parts of the report card, the current year data is weighted more heavily than prior years' data. Value-added scores are then converted to a Growth score from 0 to 100, like the other priority areas.

Growth consists of two components, ELA and mathematics. Separate value-added scores are calculated for each and then combined to produce the Growth score.

GOOD TO KNOW

The Growth Supplemental data table displays value-added results for groups of students in each school/district. This comparison helps readers better understand a school or district's impact on learning for different groups of students. Student group data do not impact growth priority area scores.



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TARGET GROUP OUTCOMES

UNDERSTANDING THE TARGET GROUP OUTCOMES PRIORITY AREA

Target Group Outcomes is a **priority area** that examines multiple measures for students in the bottom quartile (25%) of performance based on the prior year's test results, along with any students who scored less than proficient on the prior year's DLM alternate assessment. This priority area is designed to inform improvement efforts, resulting in positive change for learners who most need it while also improving outcomes for all students. It replaces the Closing Gaps priority area.

Basics about the priority area

The Target Group Outcomes priority area includes measures familiar from other priority areas - **achievement, growth, chronic absenteeism, and attendance or graduation rates**. The same calculation methods are used, but applied only to students in the target group, creating a "mini report card" for the group.

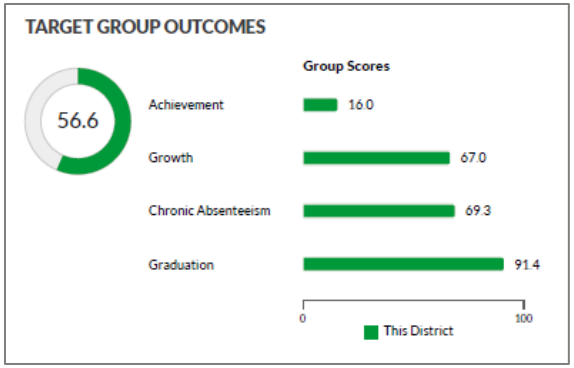
For 2023-24 report cards, additional steps were taken to calculate all achievement-based measures, including Target Group Outcomes Achievement, to ensure stability and comparability of report card scores and ratings. See page 8 for more information.

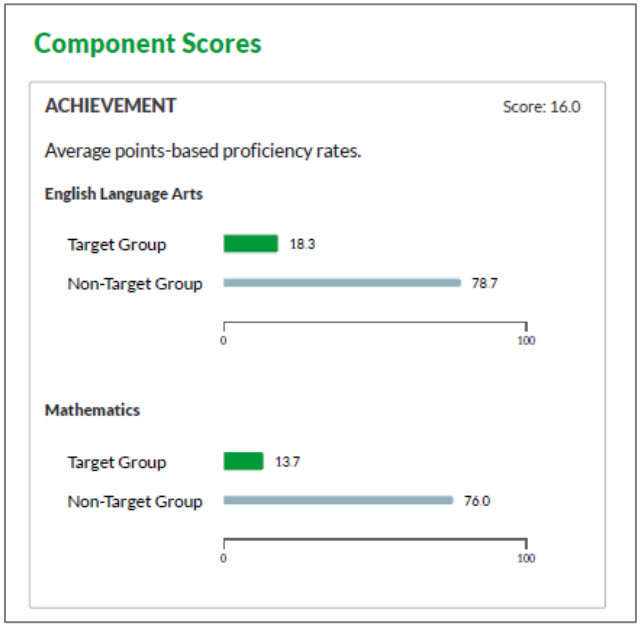
Where to find the data

While the front page displays the priority area and component scores, the data most valuable for understanding performance of students in the target group are the supplementary data, which display performance by each scoring component with comparisons to students at the school who are not in the target group. This supplementary data is found on page 5 of the school report card and page 6 of the district report card.

How to use the data

Target Group Outcomes is designed to help schools see their own gaps between the lowest-performing students and the rest of the student body. Schools should use the data from this priority area as a tool in narrowing these gaps by implementing policies and procedures that will best serve the students most in need of support.





2023-24 REPORT CARD GUIDE

TARGET GROUP OUTCOMES

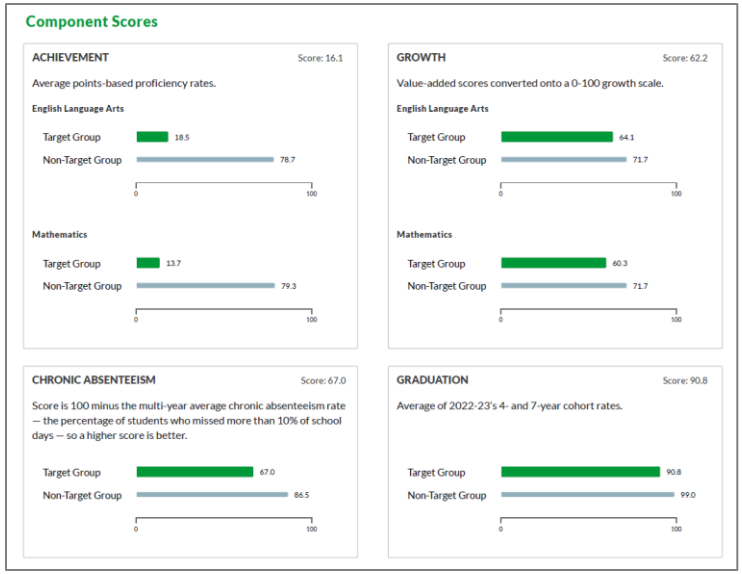
Creating the Target Group

The target group is determined by prior performance rather than demographic association. It is roughly the bottom quartile of performers using the prior year's state assessment results, though additional business rules may result in a group that is more than 25% of the school or district's tested population. To determine the students who will be included in the Target Group Outcomes priority area, DPI follows the steps below:

1. Look at Forward, Aspire/Pre-ACT Secure, and ACT assessment results from the **prior year**.
2. Convert ELA and mathematics scaled scores on state assessments to standardized scores that can be compared across grades (z-scores).
3. Percentile rank z-scores to identify students in the bottom quartile (25%) for assignment to the target group. If the bottom quartile contains fewer than 20 students, keep adding students to the target group until the minimum cell size of 20 is met, up until 50% of students.
4. Some students have test results without scaled scores from the prior year. These students may still be included in the target group:
    a. Add students who scored less than proficient on the DLM. The DLM does not provide scale scores, so these students cannot be included in the percentile rankings.
    b. Add students who only completed 2 out of 3 components of the ELA assessment and scored less than proficient on the ACT with writing or ACT Aspire assessments, as these students also do not have scaled scores to be included in the rankings.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCE

Please see the "Target Group Outcomes Guide" on the Report Card Resources page to learn more about this priority area.



Scoring the Target Group

Target Group Outcomes component scores are calculated using the same methodology as for the other priority areas, which are based on "all students". The only difference is that these calculations only include students in the target group:

1. DPI uses assessment, attendance, and graduation data, and applies the same calculations (e.g., points-based proficiency) to achievement, growth, chronic absenteeism, and attendance/graduation as used in "all students" measures to target group students.
2. DPI uses these calculations to determine the scores for each component of the Target Group Outcomes priority area. Please see the report card online weighting calculator to see how these components are weighted.

2023-24 REPORT CARD GUIDE

ON-TRACK TO GRADUATION

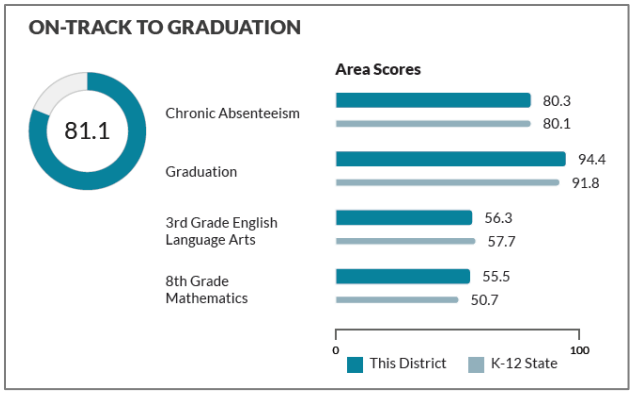
UNDERSTANDING THE ON-TRACK TO GRADUATION PRIORITY AREA

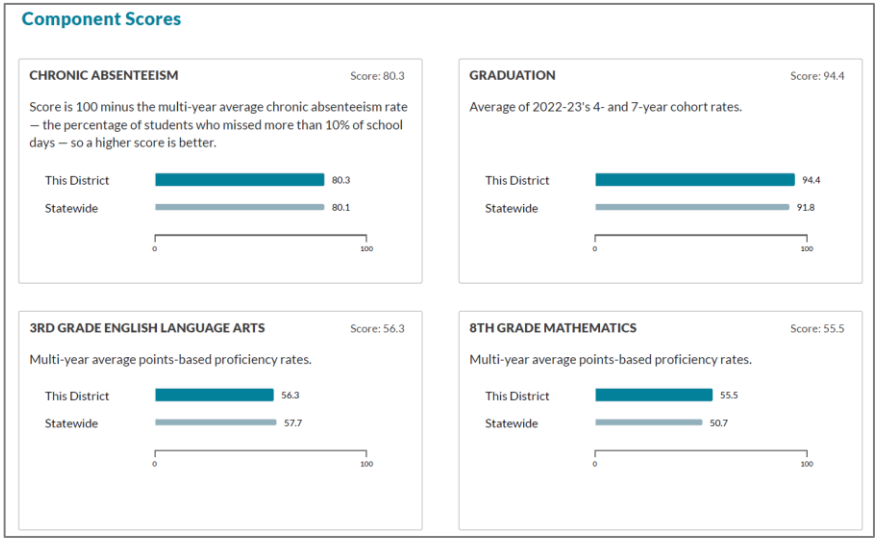
Basics about the priority area

The purpose of this priority area is to indicate of how successful students are at achieving educational milestones that lead to postsecondary readiness. This priority area has three components. The first component is **chronic absenteeism:** 100 minus the rate of students who are chronically absent. The second is either a **graduation** rate—for schools that graduate students (i.e., high schools)—or an attendance rate for schools with no 12th grade or whose graduation cohort has fewer than 20 students. ***Chronic absenteeism, graduation, and attendance data are lagged by one year due to the timing of when the data become available for use***. The final component is third grade ELA achievement, eighth grade mathematics achievement, or a combination of the two, depending on grade configuration and data availability. The scores for these components are included in a weighted average used to produce the On-Track to Graduation score. Scores for schools without a third or eighth grade will be based solely on chronic absenteeism and attendance or graduation.

How to use the data

The graduation rate, of course, measures a key education milestone. For schools that do not graduate students, attendance rates are used. Attendance and chronic absenteeism are highly correlated with student achievement. The third grade ELA and the eighth-grade mathematics achievement results represent key educational transition points. These data can help schools and districts monitor whether their students are on-track for success in high school and beyond. Third grade ELA ability is linked to later academic performance across content areas, graduation, and college enrollment. Eighth grade mathematics ability leads to success in a variety of high school courses.





2023-24 REPORT CARD GUIDE

ON-TRACK TO GRADUATION

UNDERSTANDING ON-TRACK TO GRADUATION

How the calculation works

Chronic absenteeism: Students who are enrolled for at least 90 days during the school year are included in this calculation. Enrollment need not be continuous to meet the 90-day threshold. A student is considered chronically absent if they missed more than 10% of possible attendance days. The chronic absenteeism *rate* is the number of students who are chronically absent divided by the total number of students who have been enrolled at least 90 days. The chronic absenteeism *score* on the report card is a multi-year average and calculated as 100 minus the chronic absenteeism rate.

Graduation or attendance: For schools and districts that graduate students, a graduation rate component is used. Otherwise, an attendance rate component is used. Graduation rates and attendance rates are highly correlated with one another and have virtually identical distributions. The graduation component is the weighted average of the four-year and seven-year cohort graduation rates. The attendance component is the days of student attendance divided by the total possible days of attendance. Both graduation and attendance components are based on a single year of data.

Other On-Track Measures. A school and district may have third grade ELA achievement, eighth grade mathematics achievement, or both. Third grade ELA achievement and eighth grade mathematics achievement are measured in the same way as in the Achievement priority area. For 2023-24 report cards, additional steps were taken to calculate all achievement-based measures, including those in On-Track, to ensure stability and comparability of report card scores and ratings. See page 8 for more information.

Supplemental Data

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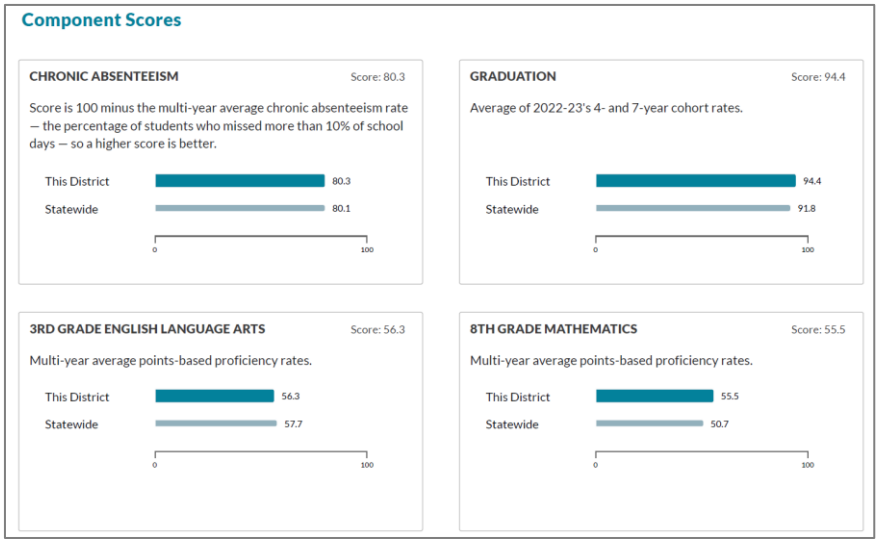
Some of the most valuable data in the report card are the results by scored component and student group in the supplementary data tables (starting on page 6 of the school report card and page 7 of the district report card).



Student Group Chronic Absenteeism Rates, Single-Year

	2020-21		2021-22		2022-23	
	Students	Rate	Students	Rate	Students	Rate
All Students: K-12 State	806,878	16.5%	810,982	22.8%	808,094	19.8%
All Students	1,943	15.9%	1,982	22.6%	1,978	19.8%
American Indian or Alaskan Native	22	22.7%	22	27.3%	25	28.0%
Asian	79	15.2%	84	19.0%	85	18.8%
Black or African American	177	44.6%	178	58.4%	162	48.8%
Hispanic or Latino	258	25.6%	261	35.2%	254	28.3%
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	1	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.0%
White	1,331	10.0%	1,349	15.0%	1,356	14.5%
Two or More Races	75	18.7%	87	29.9%	95	21.1%
Economically Disadvantaged	786	27.0%	834	35.3%	776	30.4%
English Learners	147	28.6%	154	40.9%	154	28.6%
Students with Disabilities	270	23.7%	272	27.9%	274	27.7%

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2023-24 REPORT CARD GUIDE

COURSE AND PROGRAM DATA

COURSE AND PROGRAM DATA IN REPORT CARDS

State statute (Wis. Stat. 115.385) requires DPI to report on certain course and program types for students in grades 9-12 in school and district report cards. Data for courses and programs are included in report cards using the following categories:

Postsecondary Preparation
- Advanced Courses
- Dual Enrollment
- Industry-Recognized Credentials
- Work-Based Learning

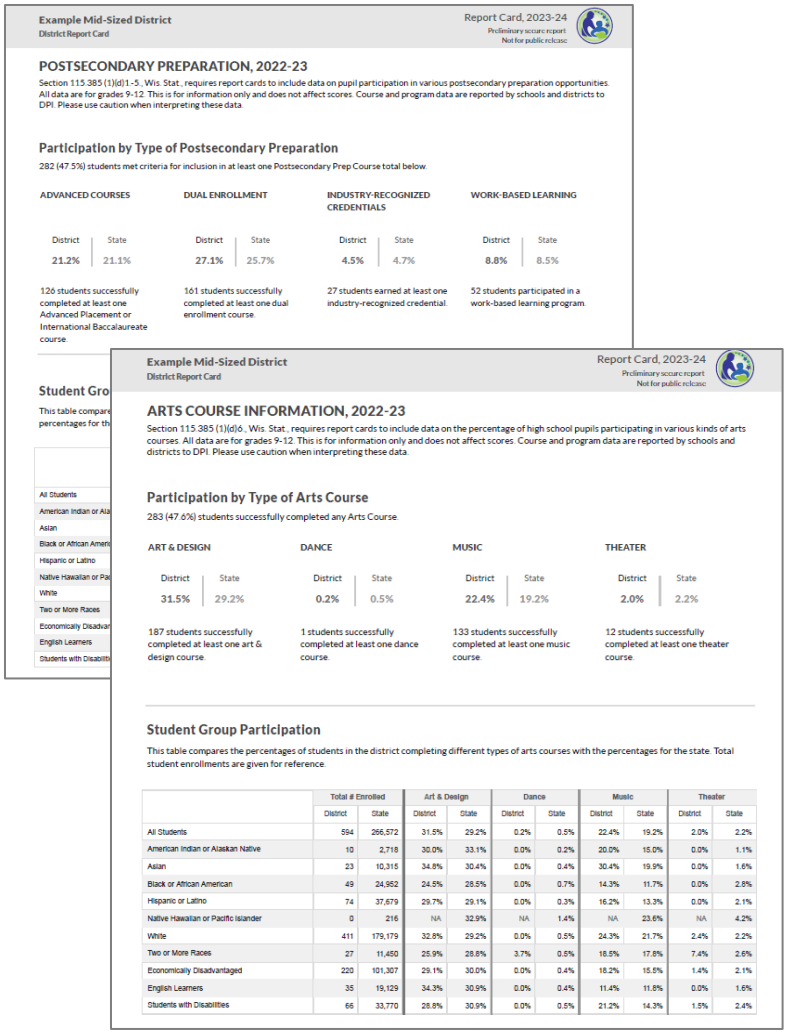
Arts Course Information
Student participating in the following arts course categories:
- Art & Design
- Dance
- Music
- Theater

The data are reported for informational purposes only (not scored), and like graduation and attendance data, course and program data will lag by one year on report cards. For example, 2023-24 report cards include 2022-23 course data.

At this time, course data are reported to DPI by public schools and districts only. Private schools in a Choice Program do not send course data to DPI. The pages with course data will not appear on the report card for choice schools. They will also not appear on report cards for any public schools or districts without grades 9-12.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCE

Please see the "Course and Program Data Guide" on the Report Card Resources page to learn more about this area of the report card.



Example Mid-Sized District
District Report Card

Report Card, 2023-24
Preliminary score report
Not for public release

POSTSECONDARY PREPARATION, 2022-23

Section 115.385 (1)(d)1.-5., Wis. Stat., requires report cards to include data on pupil participation in various postsecondary preparation opportunities. All data are for grades 9-12. This is for information only and does not affect scores. Course and program data are reported by schools and districts to DPI. Please use caution when interpreting these data.

Participation by Type of Postsecondary Preparation

282 (47.5%) students met criteria for inclusion in at least one Postsecondary Prep Course total below.

ADVANCED COURSES		DUAL ENROLLMENT		INDUSTRY-RECOGNIZED CREDENTIALS		WORK-BASED LEARNING	
District	State	District	State	District	State	District	State
21.2%	21.1%	27.1%	25.7%	4.5%	4.7%	8.8%	8.5%
126 students successfully completed at least one Advanced Placement or International Baccalaureate course.		161 students successfully completed at least one dual enrollment course.		27 students earned at least one industry-recognized credential.		52 students participated in a work-based learning program.	

Student Gro
This table compare
percentages for th

All Students
American Indian or Ala
Asian
Black or African Ameri
Hispanic or Latino
Native Hawaiian or Pa
White
Two or More Races
Economically Disadvan
English Learners
Students with Disabiliti

Example Mid-Sized District
District Report Card

Report Card, 2023-24
Preliminary score report
Not for public release

ARTS COURSE INFORMATION, 2022-23

Section 115.385 (1)(d)6., Wis. Stat., requires report cards to include data on the percentage of high school pupils participating in various kinds of arts courses. All data are for grades 9-12. This is for information only and does not affect scores. Course and program data are reported by schools and districts to DPI. Please use caution when interpreting these data.

Participation by Type of Arts Course

283 (47.6%) students successfully completed any Arts Course.

ART & DESIGN		DANCE		MUSIC		THEATER	
District	State	District	State	District	State	District	State
31.5%	29.2%	0.2%	0.5%	22.4%	19.2%	2.0%	2.2%
187 students successfully completed at least one art & design course.		1 students successfully completed at least one dance course.		133 students successfully completed at least one music course.		12 students successfully completed at least one theater course.	

Student Group Participation

This table compares the percentages of students in the district completing different types of arts courses with the percentages for the state. Total student enrollments are given for reference.

	Total # Enrolled		Art & Design		Dance		Music		Theater	
	District	State	District	State	District	State	District	State	District	State
All Students	594	266,572	31.5%	29.2%	0.2%	0.5%	22.4%	19.2%	2.0%	2.2%
American Indian or Alaskan Native	10	2,718	30.0%	33.1%	0.0%	0.2%	20.0%	15.0%	0.0%	1.1%
Asian	23	10,315	34.8%	30.4%	0.0%	0.4%	30.4%	19.9%	0.0%	1.6%
Black or African American	49	24,952	24.5%	28.5%	0.0%	0.7%	14.3%	11.7%	0.0%	2.8%
Hispanic or Latino	74	37,679	29.7%	29.1%	0.0%	0.3%	16.2%	13.3%	0.0%	2.1%
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	0	216	NA	32.9%	NA	1.4%	NA	23.6%	NA	4.2%
White	411	179,179	32.8%	29.2%	0.0%	0.5%	24.3%	21.7%	2.4%	2.2%
Two or More Races	27	11,450	25.9%	28.8%	3.7%	0.5%	18.5%	17.8%	7.4%	2.6%
Economically Disadvantaged	220	101,307	29.1%	30.0%	0.0%	0.4%	18.2%	15.5%	1.4%	2.1%
English Learners	35	19,129	34.3%	30.9%	0.0%	0.4%	11.4%	11.8%	0.0%	1.6%
Students with Disabilities	66	33,770	28.8%	30.9%	0.0%	0.5%	21.2%	14.3%	1.5%	2.4%

2023-24 REPORT CARD GUIDE

DISTRICT REPORT CARDS

UNDERSTANDING THE DISTRICT REPORT CARDS

District report cards will look like the school report cards, with a few exceptions. Most district report card calculations treat the district as "one big school" responsible for all students within the district, rather than averaging school-level scores.

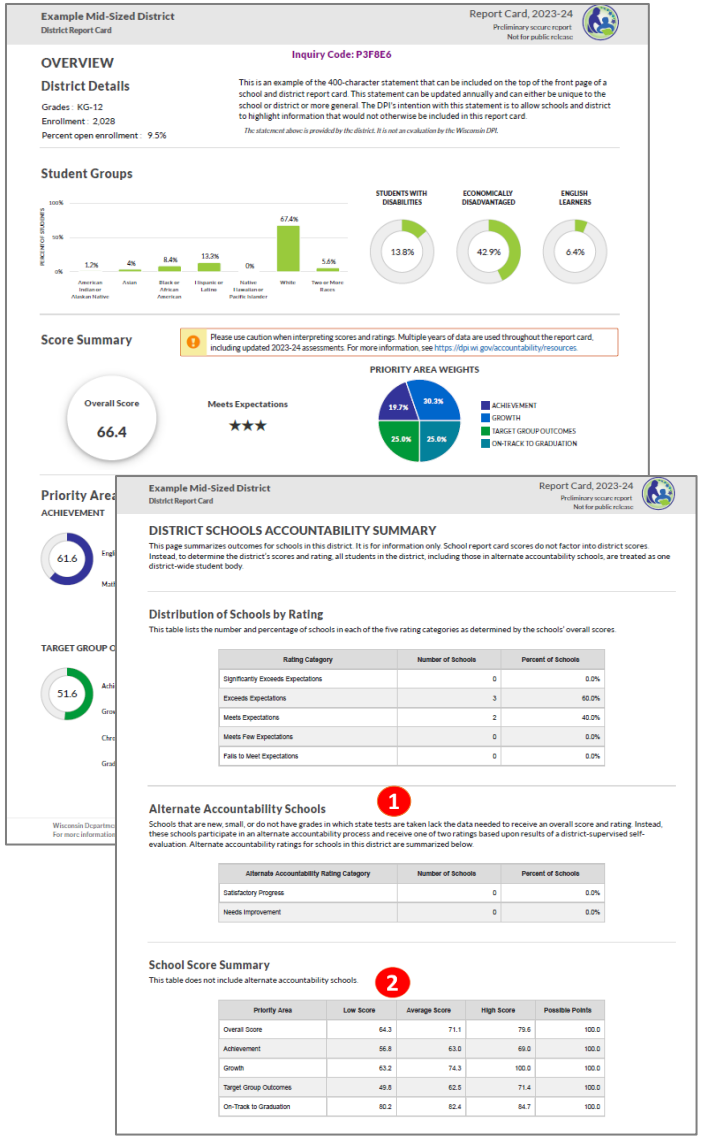
One exception is the district Target Group Outcomes score in which the district target group is composed of students from target groups at schools in the district. In other words, it is not the bottom 25% of performers on statewide assessments in the district but instead students in the Target Group at each school are included in the District Target Group.

In addition, the district value-added growth score is a weighted average of school value-added growth scores; weighting is according to school enrollment.

The district report card includes a summary of school performance data on page 2. This summary shows how schools in the district are performing as a group in terms of ratings, overall scores, and priority area scores. This is supplemental informational; it is not used in district-level score calculations.

1. The first two tables display the number of schools within the district in each of the five standard overall ratings and each of the two alternate accountability ratings.

2. The final table displays the low, average, and high for the overall score and for each of the four priority area scores among schools within the district.



2023-24 REPORT CARD GUIDE

PRIVATE SCHOOLS

UNDERSTANDING CHOICE SCHOOL REPORT CARDS

DPI produces two types of Choice school report cards, as required by law.

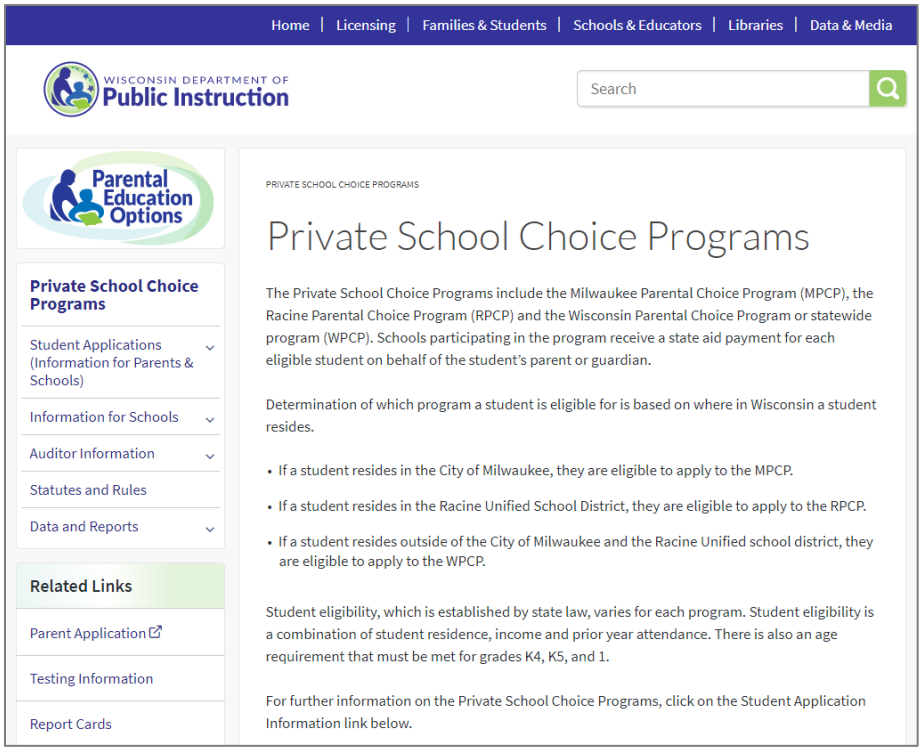
- Private – Choice Students Report Card *(required)*
- Private – All Students Report Card *(optional)*

Private School – Choice Students - All Choice schools receive this report card, which only includes students who are attending under one of the Private School Choice programs.

Private School – All Students - An optional report based on the performance of all students in the private school (those attending under a Choice program as well as private-paying students).

In order to receive a scored version of the optional Private School - All Students report card, the private school must have submitted required data for at least two consecutive years. These opt-in schools report data to DPI on all of their students, not just the Choice program participants.

Both types of private school report cards are based on the same calculations as for public schools. Differences between report cards for private schools and public schools are noted where appropriate throughout this guide.



2023-24 REPORT CARD GUIDE

REPORT CARD DATA

UNDERSTANDING THE DATA USED

The report card Data At-a-Glance document is a key resource to guide you through the data used in the report cards.

WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF Public Instruction

OEA Office of Educational Accountability

DATA AT-A-GLANCE 2023-24 SCHOOL AND DISTRICT REPORT CARDS

OVERVIEW

This guide is meant to build understanding of the data sources used in the 2023-24 Wisconsin school and district report cards.

OPTIONAL NARRATIVE STATEMENT

This optional narrative statement on the front page is provided to DPI by schools and districts via an online form.

PRIORITY AREAS

Achievement: Score includes FAY tested students only.

	Performance Levels	Demographics
2023-24	Forward, ACT Aspire, Pre-ACT Secure, ACT with writing, DLM	WISEdata Spring Demographic Snapshot
2022-23		
2021-22		

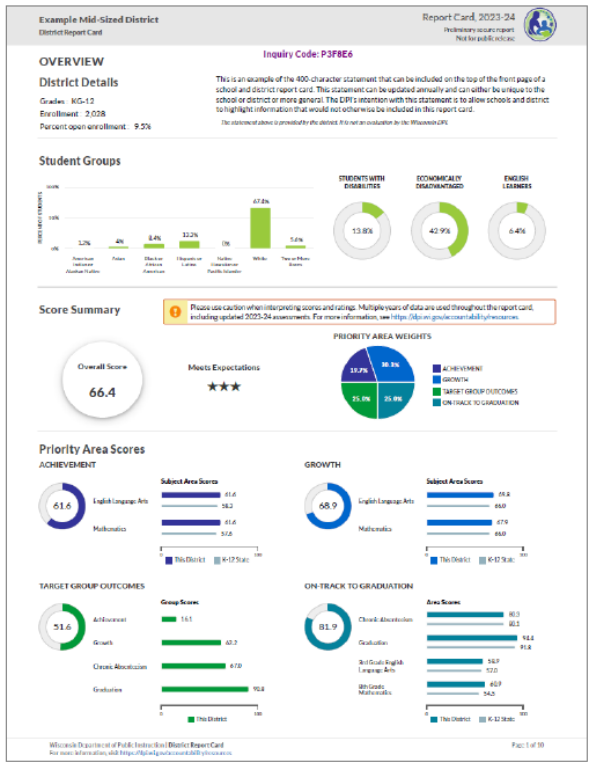
Growth: Scale scores from 23-24, 22-23, 21-22, and 20-21 Forward Exam, ACT Aspire, Pre-ACT Secure, and ACT with writing (no DLM); demographic control variables from WISEdata Spring Demographic Snapshot. Includes FAY tested students only.

Target Group Outcomes: Data sources for each priority area or calculation - Achievement, Growth, Chronic Absenteeism, Graduation, and Attendance – apply in the same way within Target Group Outcomes calculations.

On-Track to Graduation:
Graduation, Attendance, and Chronic Absenteeism data from WISEdata Year-End Snapshot. Years of data used indicated below. Note that these data are lagged by one year compared to assessment data in report cards.

	Graduation	Attendance	Chronic Absenteeism
2022-23	One year	One year	Up to three years
2021-22			
2020-21			

Third Grade ELA and Eighth Grade mathematics: see Student Achievement table above.



SCHOOL INFORMATION

Grades: School Directory app
Enrollment, Student Groups: 2023-24 WISEdata TFS Enrollment Snapshot
Percent Open Enrollment (via OPAL as of TFS)
Percent Choice Enrollment: 2023-24 WISEdata TFS Enrollment Snapshot and 2023-24 PI-1207 Private School Report

ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED (ECD)

Data are from the WISEdata Student Snapshot of 2023-24 TFS Enrollment. Rates of ECD determine the weights given to Achievement and Growth when both priority areas are present. Details and specific weights are available in the online weighting calculator.

STUDENTS WITH DISABILTIES

Data on the front page are from the WISEdata Student Snapshot of 2023-24 TFS enrollment. However, for assessment-based measures, disability status is determined by a WISEdata designation of students with an IEP (public schools) or ISP (private schools).

COURSE DATA

Report cards for public schools and districts with grades 9-12 contain arts and postsecondary preparation course participation data on subsequent pages (not on the front page). Data is from the WISEdata Student Snapshot of 2022-23 year-end data.

Office of Educational Accountability, September 2024

2023-24 REPORT CARD GUIDE

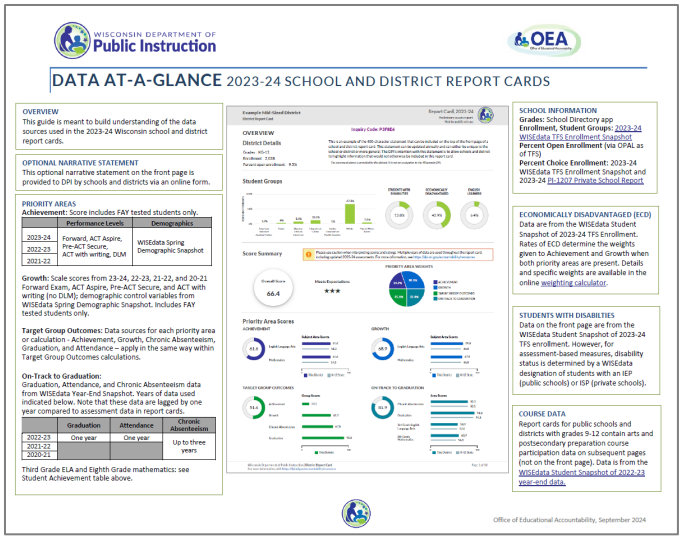
REPORT CARD DATA

UNDERSTANDING THE DATA USED

Data Sources: The data used in the report cards come from a variety of sources and years. Most data are reported through WISEdata and captured (or snapshotted) at a point in time. Correctly reporting data at the time of these WISEdata snapshots is key to having report cards that appropriately reflect the performance of the school or district. The report card Data At-a-Glance document is meant to help school and district administrators understand where the data on the report cards come from and how the data collected in WISEdata snapshots are incorporated in the report cards.

Full Academic Year (FAY) students: Priority area scores and components based on assessment results are calculated using full academic year (FAY) students in tested grades. Students need not be FAY, however, to be included in attendance, chronic absenteeism, or graduation calculations. Students must have attended for at least 90 non-consecutive days to be included in chronic absenteeism components or in course and program data reporting.

Student Groups: Report cards include a number of tables and charts displaying data disaggregated by student group. This enables educators to focus efforts on groups of students whose performance is lagging, providing the support they need to achieve at higher levels. Disaggregated reporting is for the following student groups: students with disabilities, English learners, economically disadvantaged students, and seven student groups defined by race/ethnicity. Student group data provide supplemental information, but do not factor directly into report card scoring.


WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF Public Instruction
OEA Office of Educational Accountability

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2022-23 2021-22 2020-21	One year	One year	Up to three years

Third Grade ELA and Eighth Grade mathematics: see Student Achievement table above.

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Office of Educational Accountability, September 2024

Defining FAY

It is important to clearly define which students are considered FAY (full academic year) because only FAY students are included in assessment-based calculations, and these calculations make up the majority of report card scores. How FAY is determined depends on whether a student tested:

1. For students who test, FAY is continuous enrollment from TFS to the testing date.
2. For students who do not test, FAY is continuous enrollment form TFS to the last day of the testing window.

If a student transfers after their test date, but tested before the end of the testing window, they would be FAY at the school where they tested.

2023-24 REPORT CARD GUIDE

NAVIGATION

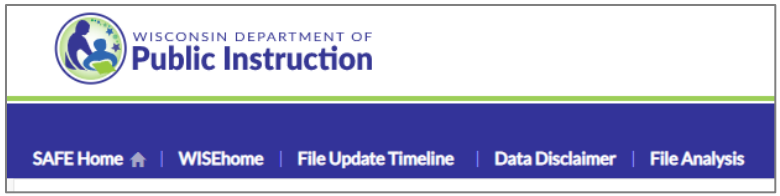
FINDING SECURE REPORT CARDS 1

Secure report cards for schools and districts are available in SAFE, the Secure Access File Exchange. The secure report cards in SAFE are meant for schools and districts only. Data in the reports have not been redacted to protect student privacy and therefore may not be shared with local media, parents, or other members of the public. To obtain access to SAFE, please visit the WISEhome information page.

FINDING PUBLIC REPORT CARDS 2

Once released, the public version of the report cards can be accessed online by anyone from the Report Cards Home page. Here you'll find a brief explanation of the report cards; links to resources explaining the report cards; and contact information for the accountability team should you have further questions.

Clicking the green button on the Report Cards Home page takes you to the state's report card application. The app page shown at right is a database containing all the school and district report cards published over time. The app page also contains data download files for each year school and district report cards have been published. These download files summarize scores and contextual information for all schools and districts that received a report card for a given year.



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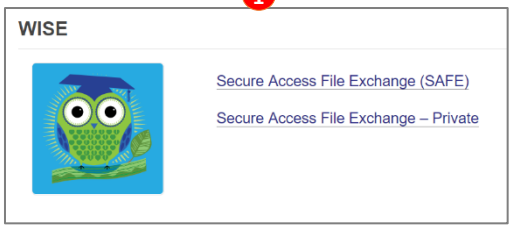

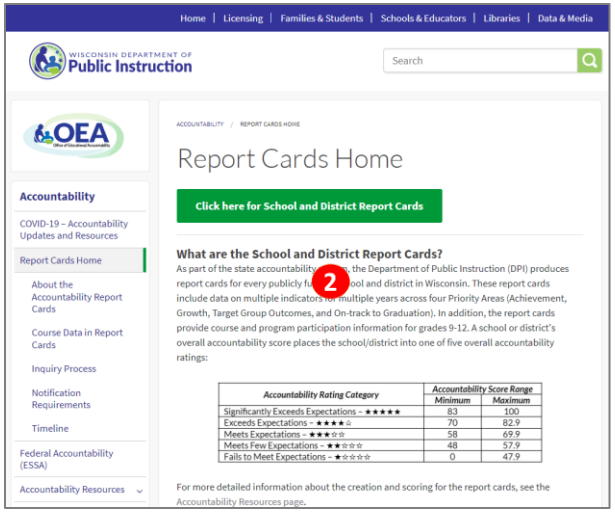

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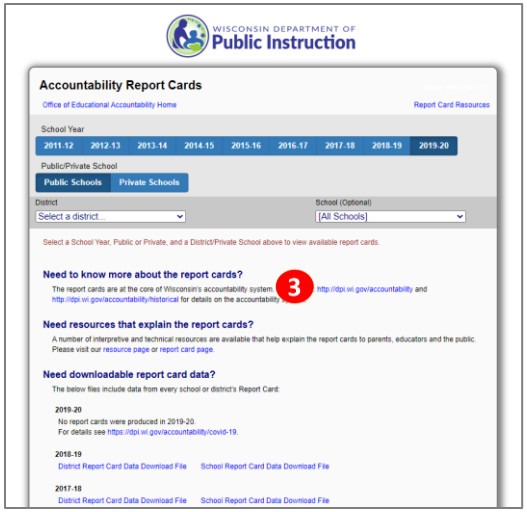

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